WE CLAIM:

- 1. A method of conveying data traffic through a node of a communications network, the method comprising the steps of:
 - a) assigning a parameter respecting the data traffic in an ingress interface;
 - b) conveying the data traffic and the respective parameter to an egress interface; and
 - c) processing the data traffic in the egress interface using the parameter.
- 2. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the parameter comprises any one or more of: information identifying the ingress interface; information identifying a quality of service (QoS) of data traffic received by the ingress port; information identifying a DiffServ codepoint of data traffic received by the ingress port; and information identifying a source address of data traffic received by the ingress port.
- 3. A method as claimed in claim 2, wherein the step of assigning a parameter comprises a step of evaluating the data traffic to derive a value of the parameter.
- 4. A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the step of evaluating the data traffic comprises a step of assigning a default value of the parameter.
- 5. A method as claimed in claim 4, further comprising the steps of:

- a) evaluating one or more layer-specific headers of the data traffic; and
- b) modifying the default value of the parameter based on the evaluation result.
- 6. A method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the parameter is a normalized parameter value obtained by successively evaluating each one of the one or more layer-specific headers in turn, and modifying the parameter value based on each successive evaluation result.
- 7. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of conveying the data traffic and the respective parameter comprises the steps of:
 - a) inserting the parameter into an intra-switch header; and
 - b) appending the intra-switch header to the data traffic.
- 8. A method as claimed in claim 7, wherein the step of processing the data traffic comprises stripping the intra-switch header from the data traffic.
- 9. A method as claimed in claim 7, wherein the step of conveying the data traffic and the respective parameter further comprises a step of conveying the data traffic through a multicast-capable switch fabric.
- 10. A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the data traffic and the respective parameter are replicated

by the switch fabric to one or more egress interfaces of the node.

- 11. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of processing the data traffic in the egress interface comprises any one or more of: implementing a traffic policing function; forwarding the data traffic to one or more respective egress network ports associated with the egress interface; and applying a predetermined policy.
- 12. A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the step of implementing the traffic policing function comprises:
 - a) detecting congestion of the egress interface; and
 - b) discarding low-priority traffic such that the congestion is reduced.
- 13. A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the policy is defined in respect of the egress interface.
- 14. A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the policy is defined in respect of an egress network port associated with the egress interface.
- 15. A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the policy comprises any one or more of: PASS; DROP; and TRANSLATE.
- 16. A method as claimed in claim 15, wherein the PASS policy is adapted to cause transmission of the data traffic from the node using a selected logical egress port associated with the egress interface.

- 17. A method as claimed in claim 15, wherein the DROP policy is adapted to prevent transmission of the data traffic from the node using a selected logical egress port associated with the egress interface.
- 18. A method as claimed in claim 15, wherein the TRANSLATE policy is adapted to modify one or more of a VLAN ID of the data traffic; a QoS parameter of the data traffic; and a DiffServ codepoint of the data traffic.
- 19. A method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the step of applying the TRANSLATE policy comprises the steps of:
 - a) querying a translation table; and
 - b) inserting the query result into the data traffic.
- 20. A method as claimed in claim 19, wherein the translation table comprises, for each parameter value, information identifying any one or more of: the VLAN ID; the QoS parameter; and the DiffServ codepoint.
- 21. A method as claimed in claim 19, wherein the translation table is specific to the egress interface.
- 22. A method as claimed in claim 19, wherein the translation table is specific to a logical egress port of the egress interface.
- 23. A node of a communications network, comprising:

- a) an ingress interface adapted to assign a parameter respecting data traffic received over the network;
- b) an egress interface adapted to process the data traffic using the parameter; and
- c) means for conveying the data traffic and the respective parameter across the node between the ingress interface and the egress interface.
- 24. A node as claimed in claim 23, wherein the parameter comprises any one or more of: information identifying the ingress interface; information identifying a quality of service (QoS) of data traffic received by the ingress interface; information identifying a DiffServ codepoint (DSCP) of data traffic received by the ingress interface; and information identifying a source address of data traffic received by the ingress interface.
- 25. A node as claimed in claim 24, wherein the ingress interface comprises means for evaluating the data traffic to determine a value of the parameter.
- 26. A node as claimed in claim 25, wherein the means for evaluating the data traffic is adapted to assign a default value of the parameter.
- 27. A node as claimed in claim 26, wherein the means for evaluating the data traffic further comprises:
 - a) means for evaluating one or more layer-specific headers of the data traffic; and
 - b) means for modifying the default value of the parameter based on the evaluation result.

- 28. A node as claimed in claim 27, wherein the parameter is a normalized parameter value obtained by successively evaluating each one of the one or more layer-specific headers, and modifying the parameter value based on each successive evaluation result.
- 29. A node as claimed in claim 23, wherein the means for conveying the data traffic and the respective parameter comprises:
 - a) means for inserting the parameter into a header; and
 - b) means for appending the header to the data traffic.
- 30. A node as claimed in claim 29, wherein the header is stripped from the data traffic in the egress interface.
- 31. A node as claimed in claim 29, wherein the means for conveying the data traffic and the respective parameter further comprises a multicast-capable switch fabric.
- 32. A node as claimed in claim 31, wherein the multicast-capable switch network is adapted to replicate the data traffic and the respective parameter to one or more egress interfaces of the node.
- 33. A node as claimed in claim 23, wherein the egress interface comprises means for implementing a traffic policing function.

- 34. A node as claimed in claim 33, wherein the means for implementing the traffic policing function comprises:
 - a) means for detecting congestion of the egress interface; and
 - b) means for discarding low-priority traffic such that the congestion is reduced.
- 35. A node as claimed in claim 23, wherein the egress interface comprises means for forwarding the data traffic to one or more respective logical egress ports associated with the egress interface.
- 36. A node as claimed in claim 23, wherein the egress interface comprises means for applying a predetermined policy respecting the data traffic.
- 37. A node as claimed in claim 36, wherein the policy is specific to the egress interface.
- 38. A node as claimed in claim 36, wherein the policy is specific to a logical egress port associated with the egress interface.
- 39. A node as claimed in claim 36, wherein the policy comprises any one or more of: PASS; DROP; and TRANSLATE.
- 40. A node as claimed in claim 39, wherein the PASS policy is adapted to cause transmission of the data traffic from the node using a selected logical egress port associated with the egress interface.
- 41. A node as claimed in claim 39, wherein the DROP policy is adapted to prevent transmission of the data

traffic from the node using a selected logical egress port associated with the egress interface.

- 42. A node as claimed in claim 39, wherein the TRANSLATE policy is adapted to modify one or more of a VLAN ID of the data traffic; a QoS parameter of the data traffic; and a DiffServ codepoint of the data traffic.
- 43. A node as claimed in claim 42, wherein the means for applying the TRANSLATE policy comprises:
 - a) means for querying a translation table; and
 - b) means for inserting the query result into the data traffic.
- 44. A node as claimed in claim 43, wherein the translation table comprises, for each parameter value, information identifying any one or more of: the VLAN ID; the QoS parameter; and the DiffServ codepoint.
- 45. A node as claimed in claim 43, wherein the translation table is specific to the egress interface.
- 46. A node as claimed in claim 43, wherein the translation table is specific to a logical egress port of the egress interface.
- 47. An ingress interface of a network node, the ingress interface being adapted to receive inbound data traffic over a communications network, and comprising:

- a) means for assigning a parameter respecting the data traffic received over the network; and
- b) means for forwarding the data traffic and the respective parameter to an egress interface of the network node.
- 48. An ingress interface as claimed in claim 47, wherein the parameter comprises any one or more information identifying the ingress interface: information identifying a quality of service (QoS) of data traffic received by the ingress interface; information identifying a DiffServ codepoint (DSCP) of data traffic received by the ingress interface; and information identifying a source address of data traffic received by the ingress interface.
- 49. An ingress interface as claimed in claim 48, wherein the ingress interface comprises means for evaluating the data traffic to determine a value of the parameter.
- 50. An ingress interface as claimed in claim 49, wherein the means for evaluating the data traffic is adapted to assign a default value of the parameter.
- 51. An ingress interface as claimed in claim 50, wherein the means for evaluating the data traffic further comprises:
 - a) means for evaluating one or more layer-specific headers of the data traffic; and
 - b) means for modifying the default value of the parameter based on the evaluation result.

- 52. An ingress interface as claimed in claim 51, wherein the parameter is a normalized parameter value obtained by successively evaluating each one of the one or more layer-specific headers, and modifying the parameter value based on each successive evaluation result.
- 53. An ingress interface as claimed in claim 47, wherein the means for forwarding the data traffic and the respective parameter comprises:
 - a) means for inserting the parameter into an intraswitch header; and
 - b) means for appending the intra-switch header to the data traffic.
- 54. An egress interface of a network node, the egress interface being adapted to send outbound data traffic over a communications network, and comprising:
 - a) means for receiving data traffic and a respective parameter from an ingress interface of the node; and
 - b) means for processing the data traffic using the respective parameter.
- 55. An egress interface as claimed in claim 54, wherein the means for processing the data traffic comprises any one or more of:
 - a) means for implementing a traffic policing function;
 - b) means for forwarding the data traffic to one or more respective egress network ports associated with the egress interface; and

- c) means for applying a predetermined policy respecting the data traffic.
- 56. An egress interface as claimed in claim 55, wherein the means for implementing the traffic policing function comprises:
 - a) means for detecting congestion of the egress interface; and
 - b) means for discarding low-priority traffic such that the congestion is reduced.
- 57. An egress interface as claimed in claim 55, wherein the policy is specific to the egress interface.
- 58. An egress interface as claimed in claim 55, wherein the policy is specific to a logical egress port associated with the egress interface.
- 59. An egress interface as claimed in claim 55, wherein the policy comprises any one or more of: PASS; DROP; and TRANSLATE.
- 60. An egress interface as claimed in claim 59, wherein the PASS policy is adapted to cause transmission of the data traffic from the node using a selected logical egress port associated with the egress interface.
- 61. An egress interface as claimed in claim 59, wherein the DROP policy is adapted to prevent transmission of the data traffic from the node using a selected logical egress port associated with the egress interface.

- 62. An egress interface as claimed in claim 59, wherein the TRANSLATE policy is adapted to modify one or more of a VLAN ID of the data traffic; a QoS parameter of the data traffic; and a DiffServ codepoint of the data traffic.
- 63. An egress interface as claimed in claim 62, wherein the means for applying the TRANSLATE policy comprises:
 - a) means for querying a translation table; and
 - b) means for inserting the query result into the data traffic.
- 64. An egress interface as claimed in claim 63, wherein the translation table comprises, for each parameter value, information identifying any one or more of: the VLAN ID; the QoS parameter; and the DiffServ codepoint.
- 65. An egress interface as claimed in claim 63, wherein the translation table is specific to the egress interface.
- 66. An egress interface as claimed in claim 63, wherein the translation table is specific to an egress network port of the egress interface.
- 67. A software program for controlling an ingress interface of a network node, the ingress interface being adapted to receive inbound data traffic over a communications network, the software program comprising:

- a) software adapted to control the ingress interface to assign a parameter respecting the inbound data traffic; and
- b) software adapted to control the ingress interface to forward the data traffic and the respective parameter to an egress interface of the network node.
- A software program as claimed in claim 67, wherein 68. the parameter comprises any one or more identifying the ingress interface; information information identifying a quality of service (QoS) of data traffic received by the ingress interface; information identifying a DiffServ codepoint (DSCP) of data traffic received by the ingress interface; and information identifying a source address of data traffic received by the ingress interface.
- 69. A software program as claimed in claim 68, further comprising software adapted to control the ingress interface to evaluate the data traffic to determine a value of the parameter.
- 70. A software program as claimed in claim 69, wherein the software adapted to control the ingress interface to evaluate the data traffic is adapted to control the ingress interface to assign a default value of the parameter.
- 71. A software program as claimed in claim 71, wherein the software adapted to control the ingress interface to evaluate the data traffic further comprises:

- a) software adapted to evaluate one or more layerspecific headers of the data traffic; and
- b) software adapted to modify the default value of the parameter based on the evaluation result.
- 72. A software program as claimed in claim 71, wherein the parameter is a normalized parameter value obtained by successively evaluating each one of the one or more layer-specific headers, and modifying the parameter value based on each successive evaluation result.
- 73. A software program as claimed in claim 67, wherein the software adapted to control the ingress interface to forward the data traffic and the respective parameter comprises:
 - a) software adapted to insert the parameter into an intra-switch header; and
 - b) software adapted to append the intra-switch header to the data traffic.
- 74. software program for controlling interface of a network node, the egress interface being adapted to send outbound data traffic over a communications network, the software program comprising software adapted to control the egress interface to process the data traffic using a respective parameter received from n ingress interface of the node.
- 75. A software program as claimed in claim 74, wherein the software adapted to control the egress interface

to process the data traffic comprises any one or more of:

- a) software adapted to forward the data traffic to one or more respective egress network ports associated with the egress interface; and
- b) software adapted to apply a predetermined policy respecting the data traffic.
- 76. A software program as claimed in claim 75, wherein the policy is specific to the egress interface.
- 77. A software program as claimed in claim 75, wherein the policy is specific to an egress network port associated with the egress interface.
- 78. A software program as claimed in claim 75, wherein the policy comprises any one or more of: PASS; DROP; and TRANSLATE.
- 79. A software program as claimed in claim 78, wherein the PASS policy is adapted to cause transmission of the data traffic from the node using a selected logical egress port associated with the egress interface.
- 80. A software program as claimed in claim 78, wherein the DROP policy is adapted to prevent transmission of the data traffic from the node using a selected egress network port associated with the egress interface.
- 81. A software program as claimed in claim 78, wherein the TRANSLATE policy is adapted to modify one or more

of a VLAN ID of the data traffic; a QoS parameter of the data traffic; and a DiffServ codepoint of the data traffic.

- 82. A software program as claimed in claim 81, wherein the software adapted to apply the TRANSLATE policy comprises:
 - a) software adapted to query a translation table;
 and
 - b) software adapted to insert the query result into the data traffic.
- 83. A software program as claimed in claim 82, wherein the translation table comprises, for each parameter value, information identifying any one or more of: the VLAN ID; the QoS parameter; and the DiffServ codepoint.
- 84. A software program as claimed in claim 82, wherein the translation table is specific to the egress interface.
- 85. A software program as claimed in claim 82, wherein the translation table is specific to an egress network port of the egress interface.